# Roman City Dig What have you found?

### Is it Roman?

## What was it used for?

## Roman City Dig

We have revised and slightly simplified our Archaeologist Dig activity to use with Y5.

www.collaborativelearning.org/romancitydig.pdf

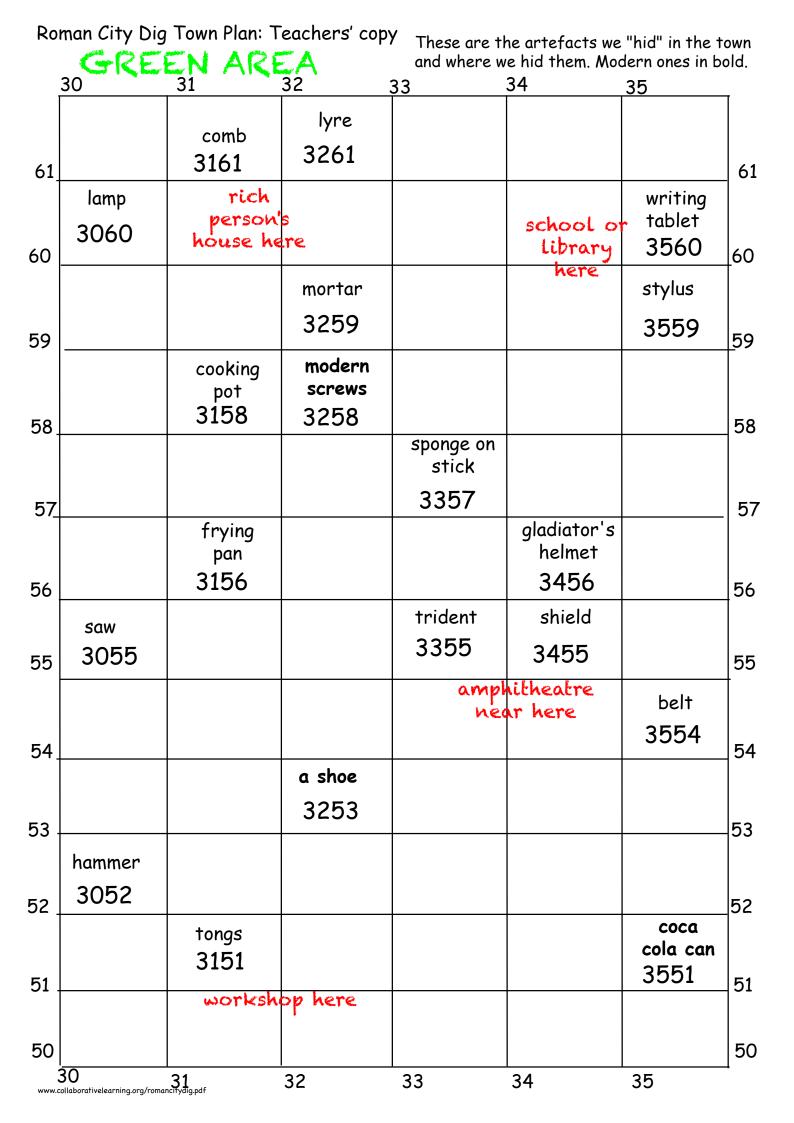
Last updated 13th December 2016

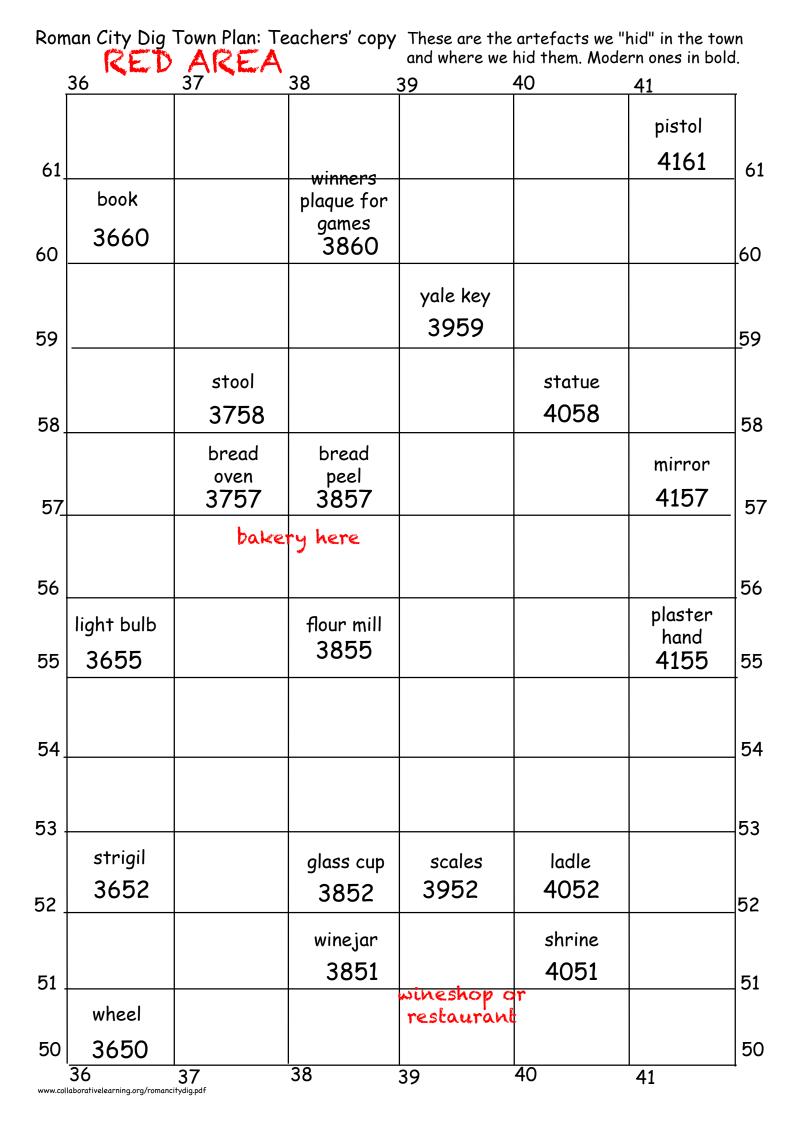
Our collaborative talk for learning activities are designed to: ...build on prior knowledge. ...move from concrete to abstract thinking. ...ensure everyone works with everyone else. ...extend social language into curriculum language. ...provide motivating ways to go over the same topic more than once. For more details go to: www.collaborativelearning.org

Teachers' Notes

We have found barrier games and activities where students have to exchange knowledge very effective for promoting learning as well as being fun and practising exploratory talk.

The grid on the "game boards" represent two areas in a Roman city to be dug up The red area and the green area have been divided into rectangles as is normally done on a dig. Coordinates have been provided for the eastings and northings. One pair are digging up the the green area and the other pair the red area. The activity works like the game of battleships. The green pair hold picture cards with pictures of the artefacts that red pair need to find; the red pair hold cards that the green pair need to find. We have provided the coordinates on each picture card so that artefacts that were likely to be found close to each other (e.g. the bread peel and the flour mill) were near each other so as to help guessing. At the time we developed it we only had a rather miserable textbook for the students to research, but since then a lot of other resource books have been published and there is a lot on the internet. We have provided teachers' grids with the position and list of artefacts we included, but you might well want to add others. As you can see we also included some non-Roman artefacts. We hope you and your children use it as a template to develop their own games which we would like to hear about.





#### Roman City Dig

#### Instructions

What do archaeologists do?

Two ways of finding out about the past are:

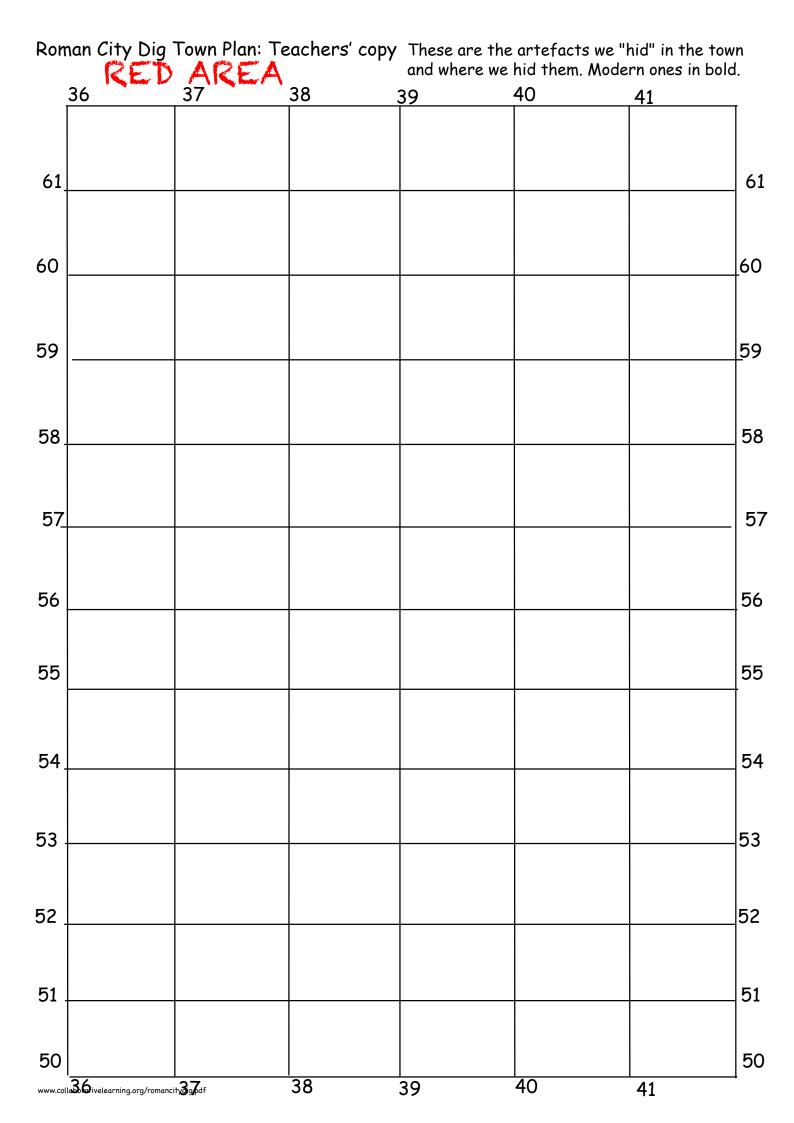
- 1. reading what people wrote at the time.
- 2. searching for objects that people used.

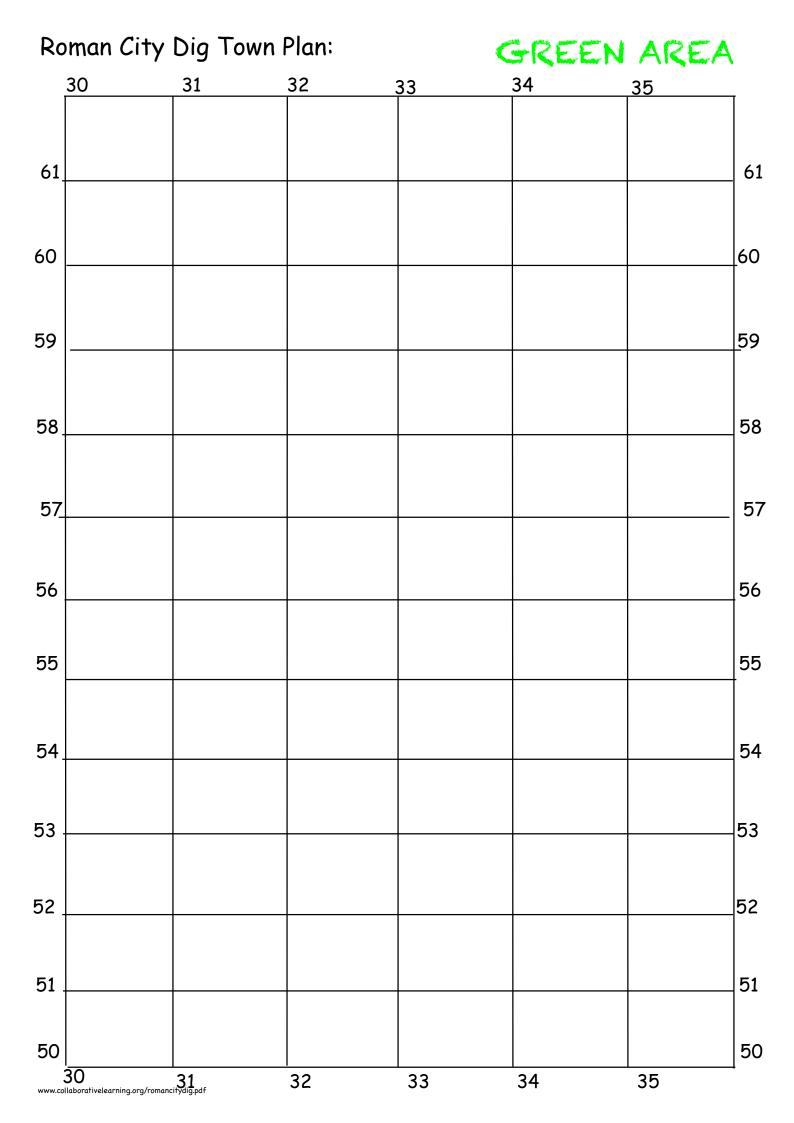
Archaeologists look for things in the ground that tell us what life was like in the past. First they look for a good place to start their search. Air photos taken when the sun is low in the sky help them to do this. Then they begin to dig. They cannot dig everywhere so they need to identify the most interesting places. First they dig long trenches to see what they can find. Then they decide where to concentrate their digging. When they have found a good place, they use string to divide it into equal rectangles. Then they dig each part slowly layer by layer. The deeper they go, the older are the things they find.

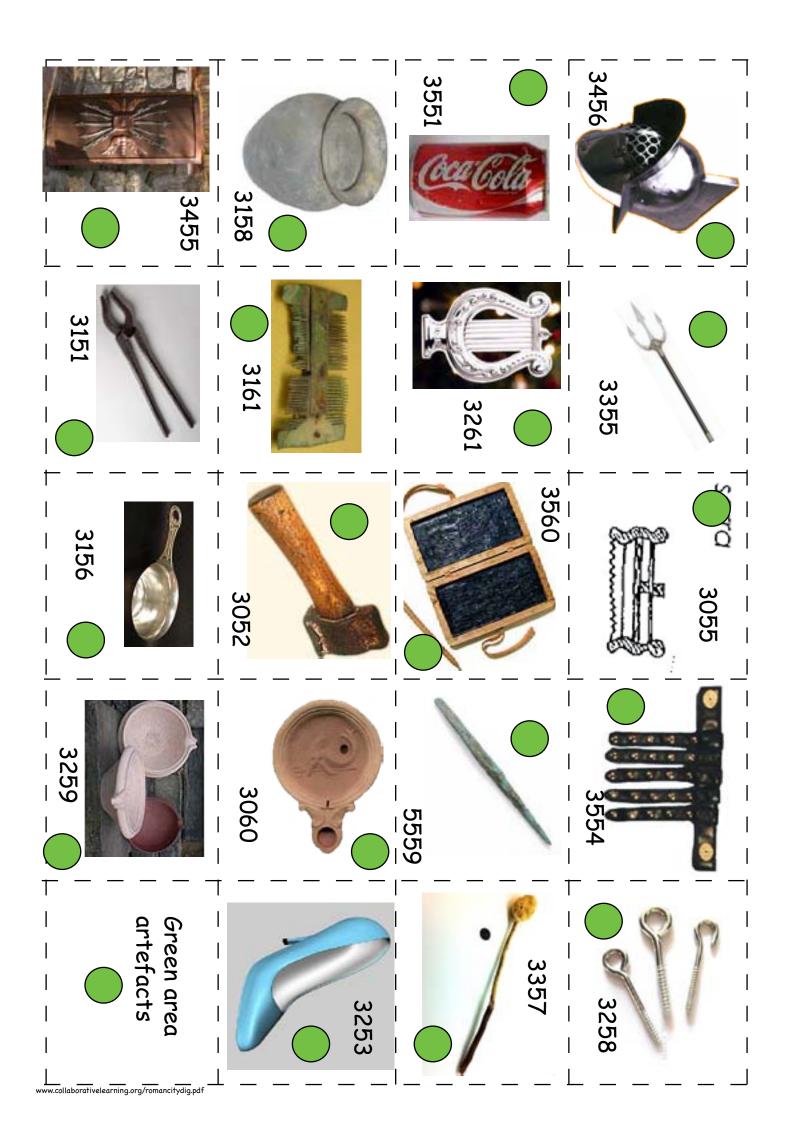
You are four archaeologists (two pairs) digging up a Roman city. One pair is digging up the green area and one pair the red area.

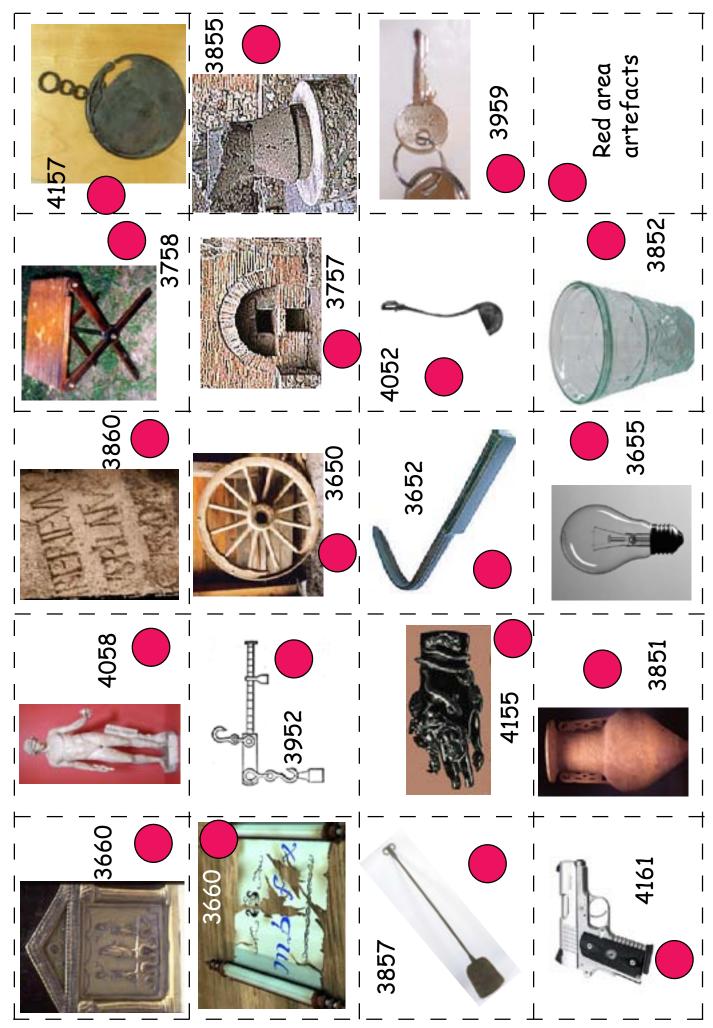
Pair A (who are looking for objects in the green area of the city): "Is there anything buried in 3254?"
Pair B (who have the green area cards) "Sorry nothing buried there."
Pair A can then put a counter on this rectangle to remind them that they have asked about it.
Pair B (who are looking for objects in the red area of the city): "Is there anything buried in 3652?"
Pair A (who have the red area cards) "Yes! You have dug up this"
They hand them a picture of a strigil.
Pair B put a counter on this rectangle to remember they have asked about it.

When you have dug something up use your resource books to discover: whether it is Roman or not? what it is? and what else you might be likely to find in this part of town. Record your information on your "Finds Matrix".









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#### Places in a Roman Town

Only 12 of these places would be found in a Roman town. Use your resource books and the internet to check which ones were in Roman towns.

churchesghospitalssparksttheatressampitheatresi	blacksmiths' shops goldsmiths' shops supermarkets temples stadiums inns/wineshops	
	•	
baths/toilets I	libraries	
market places p	police stations	
zoos	nouses	
carpenters' shops b	bakeries	

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schools
churches
hospitals
parks
theatres
ampitheatres
baths/toilets
market places
ZOOS
carpenters' shops

blacksmiths' shops goldsmiths' shops supermarkets temples stadiums inns/wineshops libraries police stations houses bakeries

#### Roman City Dig Record Sheet

Coordinate	What do you think the object is?	What you think the object was used for?	What part of the city do you think you have discovered?
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